

# CARBON FOOTPRINT STATEMENT

**Company** UPM Timber

**Site** Seikku sawmill

**Products** Sawn timber, whitewood

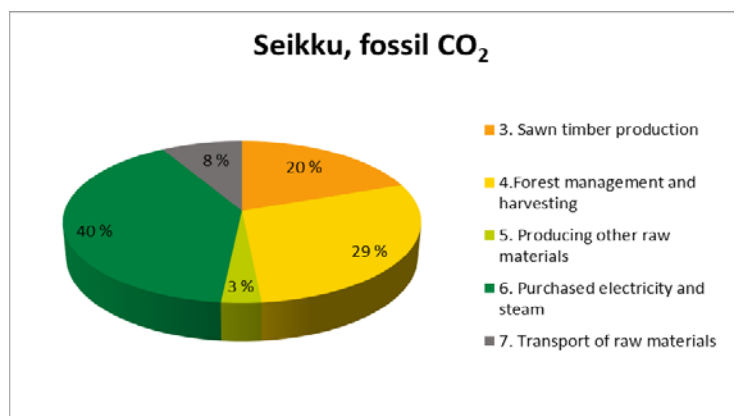
Information gathered 1.1.2019 – 31.12.2019

## Carbon Footprint

- UPM calculates the carbon footprint of its timber products on the basis of the 10 elements of the Carbon Footprint Framework for Paper and Board Products developed by CEPI (the Confederation of European Paper Industries). Detailed information on the CEPI Framework can be found at [www.cepi.org](http://www.cepi.org).
- The data used in the calculation are based on annual averages for a mill.
- GHG = greenhouse gas. UPM figures refer only to emissions of fossil CO<sub>2</sub>.

Note that wood products are biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> stores and can replace fossil fuels in energy production at the end of their life cycle.

1 m<sup>3</sup> of this product contains 206 kg of carbon, equivalent to 756 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>. Therefore, if this product remains in use or is stored for 100 years, this is equivalent to locking away and storing 756 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>.



Ten elements of the CEPI Framework (See next page for remarks and explanations)	Fossil CO <sub>2</sub> (kg/m <sup>3</sup> of sawn timber)	Biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> (kg/m <sup>3</sup> of sawn timber)
1. Carbon sequestration in the forest		-
2. Carbon stored in the product		756
<b>Net sequestration of biomass carbon</b>		<b>756</b>
3. GHG emissions from sawn timber production	3.9	
4. GHG emissions associated with producing wood material	5.8	
5. GHG emissions associated with producing other raw materials	0.6	
6. GHG emissions associated with purchased electricity and steam	8.0	
7. Transport-related GHG emissions (excl. delivery to customer)	1.7	
<b>Total fossil CO<sub>2</sub> emissions</b>	<b>20</b>	
8. GHG emissions attributable to product use	-	
9. GHG emissions attributable to end-of-life-management of products	-	
10. Avoided emissions	-	

Equivalent figures for applications with a life span of less than 100 years are available on request.

## Remarks and explanations to the ten elements of CEPI Framework

### 1. Carbon sequestration in the forest

- In line with the CEPI Framework, carbon sequestration is currently not included in product level carbon footprint calculations.
- For UPM, forest certification and traceability of wood raw material supply using certified Chain of Custodies ensures the sustainable management of forests, and the long-term sequestration of carbon in them via the process of photosynthesis.

### 2. Carbon stored in the product

- Biogenic carbon is stored in products produced from wood. The IPCC (International Panel on Climate Change) formula is used to determine the amount of CO<sub>2</sub> that is stored in the sawn timber.

### 3. GHG emissions from sawn timber production

- UPM includes data on fossil CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from combustion of fossil fuels at sawn timber manufacturing facilities.

### 4. GHG emissions associated with generating the supply of wood

- Includes fossil CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from forest management and harvesting activities.

### 5. GHG emissions associated with producing other raw materials

- Includes fossil CO<sub>2</sub> emissions generated during the manufacturing of non-wood-based raw materials (e.g. chemicals which are used in an amount above 1 % per m<sup>3</sup> of sawn timber) and fuels used at mill site.

### 6. GHG emissions associated with purchased electricity and steam

- Includes fossil CO<sub>2</sub> emissions associated with purchased electricity, steam and heat used for sawn timber production.
- Due to differences in fuel mix used to produce electricity there are significant differences in the emission factors used to convert grid electricity to its equivalent CO<sub>2</sub>. UPM uses source and country specific emission conversion factors.

### 7. Transport-related GHG emissions

- Includes fossil CO<sub>2</sub> emissions associated with inbound transports of raw materials and final products from the mill, along the value chain.
- At UPM, this figure includes the transportation of wood, chemicals and fuels to UPM mills. CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from wood transports are allocated mass based among products and by-products.
- CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from transportation of sawn timber to the customer are not included since this depends on the transportation modes used and distances to specific customer locations. This part of the element can be calculated for a specific case on request.

### 8. GHG emissions attributable to product use

- This element is not included within UPM's scope as a sawn timber manufacturer.

### 9. GHG emissions attributable to end-of-life-management of products

- This element is not included within UPM's scope as a sawn timber manufacturer.

### 10. Avoided emissions (e.g. superior energy efficiency or carbon offsetting measures)

- This element is not currently included in UPM's scope.

## Contact information

**Name:** Eeva Laaksonen  
**Phone:** +358 44 972 1141  
**Email:** eeva.laaksonen@upm.com